(b) whether the tribunals have been constituted and if so, their number and details thereof; and

(c) the number of illegal migrants detected during the last two years upto 31st March, 2006?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) and (b) Various measures have been taken by the Government to curb the problem of illegal migration of Bangladeshi nationals into the country. These include, *inter alia*, raising of additional Battalions of Border Security Force, reduction of gap between the border outposts, intensification of patrolling both on the land and the riverine border, accelerated programme of construction of border roads and fencing, increase in the number of outposts and provision of modern surveillance equipment.

Besides, the State Governments/UT Administrations have been empowered under section 3(2) (c) of the Foreigners Act, 1946 to detect and deport foreign nationals illegally staying in India. Also, the matter has been taken up diplomatically with the Government of Bangladesh at various levels. Administrative instructions are issued from time to time asking the State Governments/UT Administrations to detect and deport illegal Bangladeshi migrants staying in the country. Further, the Central Government has approved the proposal of the Government of Assam for establishment of additional 21 Foreigners Tribunals in addition to the existing 11.

(c) Details of illegal migrants are compiled based on information furnished by States/UTs and Foreigners Regional Registration Officers (FRROs). Such details have not been received from States/UTs for the year 2006 upto 31st March. As per the available information, during 2004, 41,625 illegally staying foreigners were detected whereas this figure was 33,197 for the year 2005. The number for 2005 does not include information from States of Bihar, Jammu and Kashmir, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal, whose reports have not been received.

Deportation of Foreigners

†3405. SHRI MOTILAL VORA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the reply to Unstarred Question No. 1699 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 8th March, 2006 and state:

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(a) the dates on which State Government/Union Territory administration have been advised during last three years to find out foreigners staying illegally in the country and also to repatriate them alongwith the details of the outcome thereof;

(b) the number of foreigners visited India during the last three years alongwith the number of foreigners not repatriated out of them even after the expiry of their visa; and

(c) the details of the steps taken by Government to repatriate citizens of Bangladesh staying illegally in India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) In recent times, concerned States/ UTs have been advised to take appropriate action to deport illegally staying foreigners *vide* Central Government's letters dated 13.10.2005, 08.12.2005, 26.12.2005, 25.01.2006 and 17.04.06. Only NCT of Delhi and States of Tripura and Mizoram have reported the figures of deportation. State of Punjab have informed that all SSsP/SsP have been directed to launch special drive for detection and deportation.

Dates of such instructions prior to the dates mentioned above are not readily available.

(b) As on date, due to absence of total networking and inter-connectivity between various ports of entry and exit, there is no mechanism to reconcile whether the individual foreigner who arrived in India has left the country. However, as per available records number of foreigners' arrival and overstaying figures, which may include those who arrived prior to 2003, for last three years are given below:

Years	Arrival (As on 31st December)	Overstay
2003	28,03,240	51,522
2004	34,78,444	62,998
2005*	39,67,317	26,802

(*) Does not include figures for Bihar, J & K and Tamil Nadu.

(c) States/UTs have been directed to identify and deport illegally staying Bangladeshi migrants under their delegated powers. Further State-level Monitoring Cells have been set up for this purpose in NCT of Delhi and five States bordering Bangladesh.

Bangladeshi national committing crimes in India

†3406. MS. SUSHILA TIRIYA:
SHRI MOTILAL VORA:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that apart from Bangladeshis staying illegally in India, many persons visiting with legal passports and visas commit crimes in India and go back to Bangladesh;

(b) whether Government are also aware that they maintain links with local mafias;

(c) if so, Government's reaction thereto; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to check the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) to (d) As per available information, no specific reports have been received pertaining to Bangladeshis visiting with legal passports and visas and returning back after committing crimes. However, the law enforcement agencies are competent to deal with such cases, if detected, as per the provisions of laws.

Crimes against women

3407. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL:
SHRI DARA SINGH:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Crime Bureau has predicted that by 2010, growth rate of crimes against women would be higher than population growth rate;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.